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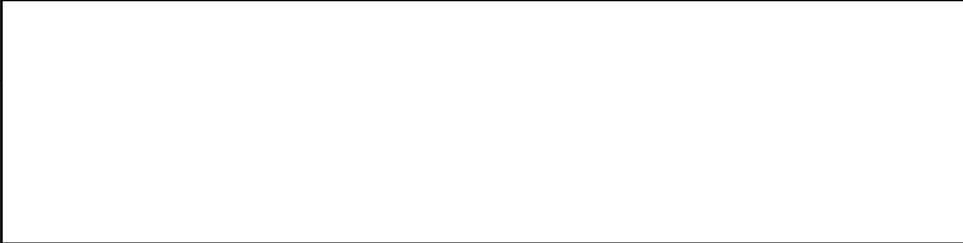
- On 4 and 5 October 1952 a meeting took place in Hamburg between the leaders or representatives of the following extreme rightist political organizations:

Deutsche Gemeinschaft (DG)
 Deutsche Soziale Bewegung (DSB)
 Deutsche Reichspartei (DRP)
 Deutsche Sammlung (DS)
 Arbeitskreis für den Wiederaufbau Deutschlands (AWD)
 Bund für Wahrheit und Recht (BWR)
 Diskussionskreis deutscher Soldaten (DKDS)
 Representatives of the former SRP

- Among the better known personalities attending were August Haussleiter, Renate Malluche, Oskar Adler, Karl Heinz Priester, Fritz Heller, Dr. Gerhard Krüger, Werner Böll, and Dr. Schulz of the Bund heimatvertriebener Deutscher. The meeting was the latest in a series which sought to unite a number of rightist groups for the purpose of fighting a common election campaign next year. The previous meeting of these organizations was held in Hamburg on 12 September 1952.
- Proposals were adopted to make the Deutsche Gemeinschaft of August Haussleiter the new roof organization of the political groups participating in the meeting. It was further decided to call a final meeting in Bonn on 20 October 1952 to launch the new rightist organization. The purpose of that meeting will be to choose the definite name of the roof organization (provisionally named Deutsche Gemeinschaft/Deutsche Reichspartei), adopt a constitution and platform, and determine internal election dates. The first combined general meeting is set for 15 - 16 November in Augsburg.
- The principals at the meeting rejected any cooperation with the newly formed Friedberger Kreis which comprises the Deutscher Block (Karl Heissner and Rudolf Jungnickel), Deutsche Union (Gottfried Griesmair), Deutsches Kulturwerk (Dr. Herbert Böhme), and Wolf Schenke (Third Front). These forces are expected to gather in Frankfurt on 20 October 1952 and proclaim a roof organization of their own under the name of "Nationale Sammel Bewegung" (National Rally Movement).

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The reasons for the rejection of the latter groups were brought out during the course of the deliberations by the Deutsche Gemeinschaft leaders. According to them, the leaders of the Friedberg Circle have become untrustworthy because:

- a. Griesmayr and Weissner have negotiated with elements in the FDP and DP and have therefore become "agents of Bonn". Weissner is accused of having made an agreement with Minister Hans Seehofer (DP), through the latter's adviser (fmu) Tusch, as a result of which Weissner received a first payment of 30,000 DM. Weissner also has publicly declared that the Deutscher Block will close its door to all former members of the SRP, and this is held to prove that Weissner is taking orders from government parties.
 - b. Rudolf Jungnickel is accused of having led the pacifist "Friedenkorps West" and of being nothing more than an agent of the East.
 - c. Griesmayr is tainted as a French agent, since he is known to have associated repeatedly with Wilhelm Kiefer. He is also suspected of having ties with the Bonn government, especially with the Kaiser Ministry which, it is alleged, at one time financed his paper *Das Gewissen*. His colleague Dr. Walter Eckhardt, present chairman of the DU, is also Landtag deputy of the Bavarian BHE. Since Eckhardt as a member of the Bavarian government coalition approved the appointment of Dr. Wilhlem Hoegner (SPD) as Bavarian Minister of the Interior, he is obviously unacceptable to the rightist opposition.
 5. August Haussleiter asked for a free hand in his attempts to persuade three Bundestag deputies to join the DG. They are Konrad Wittmann, formerly WAV, now independent; Ludwig Volkholz, who has separated from the RP; Hans Bodenstein, CDU, who is in disagreement with his party. Haussleiter has already an official representative in the Bundestag in the person of Dr. Franz Ott so that he does not anticipate difficulties for the federal elections as regards the required number of signatures.
 6. Dr. Rudolf Aschenauer, who was previously reported to be the SRP's choice for chairman of a national rally movement as a successor organization to the SRP, lost interest in that position when the founding of the new organization at Detroit produced a political dud. He subsequently aligned himself with the Deutsche Gemeinschaft when Haussleiter promised him that party's chairmanship of the committee for legal affairs, constitutional law, and war-criminal questions. Aschenauer declared he would also bring Fritz Heller, the former SRP business manager, into the DG, because he considered him the most reliable man of the SRP.
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